

Appendix XII:

Sustainable Investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significant harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Product name: ODDO BHF GLOBAL CREDIT SHORT DURATION

ODDO BHF Global Credit Short Duration (“Sub-Fund” or “Fund”) is a Sub-Fund of SICAV ODDO BHF (“SICAV”).

Legal entity identifier: 5493006BC8COASXXQY52

DOES THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT HAVE A SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE?	
●● <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	●● <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: N/A <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective: N/A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of 10% of sustainable investments . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> with a social objective <input type="checkbox"/> It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments.



WHAT ENVIRONMENTAL AND/OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS ARE PROMOTED BY THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT?

The Sub-Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics that are reflected in the Management Company’s external ESG rating system. ESG criteria are taken into consideration through an approach which can be broken down into two stages:

I. First stage: exclusions:

The Sub-Fund applies the common exclusion framework as detailed in the Management Company’s exclusion policy, which is available at am.oddo-bhf.com. In addition, the Sub-Fund excludes production of adult entertainment from all investments.

II. Second stage:

ESG rating: This stage involves taking into account the ESG rating of the companies in the investment universe. To that end, the management team uses non-financial data and ratings provided by an external data provider, MSCI ESG Research. Additional ESG assessments from

the Management Company's research team or from a third party may also be used, particularly in the event that an issuer has not been rated by MSCI.

The management team takes into account the weighting of securities held in the portfolio when calculating the portfolio average. In the event of an ESG rating downgrade or a change in the ESG rating methodology affecting the average portfolio rating, the return to an average rating that is higher than that of the benchmark will be achieved by taking into account the interests of unitholders and market conditions. The Management Company pledges that at least 75% of the issuers in the portfolio shall have an ESG rating (taking the weighting of each share into account).

● WHAT SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS ARE USED TO MEASURE THE ATTAINMENT OF EACH OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS PROMOTED BY THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT?

The MSCI ESG rating model uses all of the characteristics and indicators mentioned in the paragraph above, and the monthly ESG report currently shows indicators that demonstrate their attainment as follows:

The weighted ESG score of the portfolio to assess the attainment of environmental, social and governance characteristics.

At least 75% of the issuers in the portfolio shall have an ESG rating (taking the weighting of each share into account).

● WHAT ARE THE OBJECTIVES OF THE SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS THAT THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT PARTIALLY INTENDS TO MAKE AND HOW DOES THE SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENT CONTRIBUTE TO SUCH OBJECTIVES?

The Fund references the objectives described above in its ESG strategy but does not seek to select its investments on the basis of one or more of these objectives only. The contributions to these objectives are taken into account by the sustainability indicators used by the ESG strategy.

As such the Sub-Fund intends to capture both aspects of a company contribution: it's positive environmental and/or social output contribution coming from 1/ companies' products and/or services revenues or 2/ its contribution to environmental and/or social objective thanks to companies' wide operations when aligned with environmental and/or social targets.

To be eligible as a Sustainable Investment, a company must pass at least one of the criteria detailed below:

a) Criteria "based on company operations":

- Implied Temperature Rise « ITR »:

Company operations for which climate targets initiatives are maintaining temperature rise below or equal to 2°C, in line with Paris Agreement's pathway of 2°C or below, is considered to contribute to an environmental objective and as such qualify as a Sustainable Investment. We use MSCI ITR data to assess the temperature alignment.

- SBTi approved emission targets:

Greenhouse gas emissions are mentioned as one possibility to measure an environmental objective. Our approach to measuring sustainable investments also includes companies that have their GHG emissions reduction targets approved by the Science-Based Targets initiative (SBTi).

b) Criteria "based on company revenue activities":

- Sustainable Solutions Revenues:

We assess how an economic activity contributes to specific environmental or social objectives. In that respect we use MSCI "Sustainable Impact Revenue" data field. The "Sustainable Impact Revenue" is between 0% and 100% and represents a specific share of companies' overall revenue.

Sustainability indicators

measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts

are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

- EU Taxonomy aligned revenue:

The EU Taxonomy is designed to identify economic activities that tackle environmental or social objectives. However, only two of the six defined environmental objectives are fully scoped for the time being. For a company, we will use the taxonomy alignment as reported as the percentage of revenue that are generated by taxonomy aligned activities.

- EU Taxonomy aligned capex:

For a company, we will use the taxonomy alignment as reported as the percentage of capital expenditures that are generated by taxonomy aligned activities.

- "Green percentage" of a firm patent:

This indicator helps us to identify companies that derived revenues and held patents on emission-reduction technologies and practices to be contributing to an environmental objective.

c) Additional criteria: Sustainable bonds:

We consider that green, social and sustainability bonds can qualify as sustainable investments as long as the use of proceeds are used to finance projects that contribute positively to an environmental and/or social objective.

● HOW DO THE SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS THAT THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT PARTIALLY INTENDS TO MAKE, NOT CAUSE SIGNIFICANT HARM TO ANY ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE?

The following approach is defined to comply with Article 2 (17) of the SFDR**.

- **Sectors excluded from investment:**

The Sub-fund applies the common exclusion framework as detailed in the Management Company's exclusion policy, which is available at am.oddo-bhf.com. In addition, the Sub-Fund excludes production of adult entertainment from all investments.

- **Controversies:** The most controversial companies according to our MSCI ESG data provider, and after confirmation by the ESG team for a second check, will not be considered sustainable.

- **Consideration of major negative impacts:** In order not to significantly undermine sustainability objectives, the Investment Manager defines control rules (pre-trade) for selected significantly harmful activities: exposure to controversial weapons (0% tolerance), and serious violations of the UN Global Compact principles and the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) guidelines for multinational enterprises (0% tolerance).

- **Dialogue, engagement, and voting:** our dialogue, engagement and voting policies support the objective of avoiding significant harm by identifying the most important risks and have our voice heard to generate change and improvement.

-- HOW HAVE THE INDICATORS FOR ADVERSE IMPACTS ON SUSTAINABILITY FACTORS BEEN TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT?

Regulation (EU) 2020/852 defines certain areas of concern that may have a negative impact ("PAI").

The Investment Manager applies pre-trade rules on two PAIs:

- Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14 and 0% tolerance)

- Serious violations of the UN Global Compact principles and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) guidelines for multinational enterprises (PAI 10 and 0% tolerance).

Furthermore, MSCI ESG Ratings integrate environmental, social and governance themes where the collection of other core PAI data for corporates and sovereigns may support their ESG rating. The ESG

analysis may include for corporates, when the data is available, the monitoring of greenhouse gas emissions (PAI 1), activities with a negative impact on biodiversity-sensitive areas (PAI 7), the lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 11), and board gender diversity (PAI 13). It also includes for sovereign issuers greenhouse gas intensity per capita (PAI 15 normally based normally on gross domestic product and not on capita) and investee countries subject to social violations (PAI 16). Nevertheless, the Management Company does not fix specific objectives or defined controlling rules on these other core PAI except the ones mentioned in the first paragraph. More information on MSCI ESG Ratings: <https://www.msci.com/zh/esg-ratings>

— HOW ARE THE SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS ALIGNED WITH THE OECD GUIDELINES FOR MULTINATIONAL ENTERPRISES AND THE UN GUIDING PRINCIPLES ON BUSINESS AND HUMAN RIGHTS? DETAILS:

The Investment Manager ensures that the Sub-Fund's sustainable investments are aligned by applying its United Nations Global Compact (UNG) exclusion list, as set out in the Investment Manager's exclusion policy. Proven violations of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and/or the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights will also result in exclusion.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do not significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



DOES THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT CONSIDER PRINCIPAL ADVERSE IMPACTS ON SUSTAINABILITY FACTORS?

Yes, in accordance with the provisions of Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector (SFDR), the Investment Manager takes sustainability risks into account by integrating ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance) criteria into its investment decision-making process, as set out in the “Investment Strategy” section. This process also makes it possible to assess the management team’s ability to manage the adverse sustainability impacts of their business activities.

No



WHAT INVESTMENT STRATEGY DOES THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT FOLLOW?

The Sub-Fund is actively managed and references a benchmark, €STR plus 1.5% (capitalized) (the “Benchmark”), by seeking to outperform it and for performance fee calculation purposes, if any as described in the section “Investment Strategy” of the Sub-Fund.

The approach is based on two successive stages.

ESG (Environment, Social and Governance) criteria are a complement to the credit analysis and are fully integrated into the investment process. The approach is based on two successive stages.

- First stage: Exclusion

The Sub-Fund applies the common exclusion framework as detailed in the Management Company's exclusion policy, which is available at am.oddo-bhf.com. In addition, the Sub-Fund excludes production of adult entertainment from all investments.

- Second stage: ESG rating

This stage involves taking into account the ESG rating of the companies in the investment universe. To that end, the management team uses non-financial data and ratings provided by an external data provider, MSCI ESG Research. Additional ESG assessments from the Management Company's research team or from a third party may also be used, particularly in the event that an issuer has not been rated by MSCI.

In the event that an issuer has not been rated by MSCI ESG Research, the Management Company can use several options:

- o The use of the Management Company's ESG assessment if it exists or from a third party.
- o The use of a proxy score generated by the Management Company. To generate this proxy ESG score the Management Company calculates an average ESG score by aggregating existing ESG scores from MSCI ESG Research respecting per company the market capitalization, economy type and sector allocation. The proxy ESG score stops when the MSCI ESG Research generates its own score.

In addition, the Management Company can review an MSCI ESG Research after having received a request from the Fund Manager and based on detailed reasons. This review is done by the ESG Team by making an ESG Due Diligence and can achieve until an override of the MSCI ESG Research score by a new ESG score. This new ESG score is explained and justified in the ESG Due Diligence. The review of the MSCI ESG Research is limited to 10% of the weighted fund positions.

The management team takes into account the weighting of securities held in the portfolio when calculating the portfolio average. In the event of an ESG rating downgrade or a change in the ESG rating methodology affecting the average portfolio rating, the return to an average rating that is higher than that of the benchmark will be achieved by taking into account the interests of unitholders and market conditions. The Management Company pledges that at least 75% of the issuers in the portfolio shall have an ESG rating (taking the weighting of each share into account).

Therefore, at least 75% of the issuers in the portfolio have an ESG rating after taking into account the weighting of each security.

This ESG scoring system impacts the portfolio structure by limiting exposure to issuers exhibiting lower ESG scores and to ensure a certain overall ESG quality level of the portfolio. In particular, the weighted average ESG rating of the portfolio shall be above of the ESG weighted average of the investment universe, defined as the following index: ICE BofA 3-5 Year BB-B Global High Yield Non-Financial Constrained Index; HWXE, pursuant to the MSCI ESG Research.

The management team may invest in debt securities from outside the investment universe. The investment universe is only a relevant comparison element for the ESG rating of the portfolio.

● WHAT ARE THE BINDING ELEMENTS OF THE INVESTMENT STRATEGY USED TO SELECT THE INVESTMENTS TO ATTAIN EACH OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS PROMOTED BY THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT?

The Sub-Fund applies:

- the common exclusion framework as detailed in the Management Company's exclusion policy, which is available at am.oddo-bhf.com. In addition, the Sub-Fund excludes production of adult entertainment from all investments.

- The weighted ESG score of the portfolio shall be above the MSCI weighted ESG score of the investment universe.
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- At least 75% of the issuers in the portfolio have an ESG rating after taking into account the weighting of each security.
- The Sub-fund's sustainable investment, which will be at least 10%;

● WHAT IS THE COMMITTED MINIMUM RATE TO REDUCE THE SCOPE OF THE INVESTMENTS CONSIDERED PRIOR TO THE APPLICATION OF THAT INVESTMENT STRATEGY?

There is no minimum rate.

● WHAT IS THE POLICY TO ASSESS GOOD GOVERNANCE PRACTICES OF THE INVESTEE COMPANIES?

ODDO BHF Asset Management's Responsible Investment Policy details our definition and assessment of what constitutes good governance practices.

Good governance practices can be assessed using a number of criteria, such as anti-corruption policies and practices, executive compensation policies, shareholder structure, quality of financial communication, and business ethics. [WHAT IS THE ASSET ALLOCATION PLANNED FOR THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT?](#)

At least 75 % of the Sub-Fund's net asset value is aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics.

The Sub-Fund may also hold up to 25 % in "Other", as defined below, which includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

A minimum of 10 % of the Sub-Fund's net asset value is invested in sustainable investments. The Sub-Fund may also hold assets that are aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

The Fund has a minimum of 0,2% of the net assets - weighted by the proportion of revenue aligned with the taxonomy for each issuer - invested in activities aligned with the taxonomy.

A minimum of 9,8% of the Fund's net assets are invested in other environmental investments and the Fund may hold social investment without minimum.

At least 75% of the issuers in the portfolio have an ESG rating after taking into account the weighting of each security. Target funds with an ESG Rating on fund level are also taken into account. The remaining 25% may include investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics.

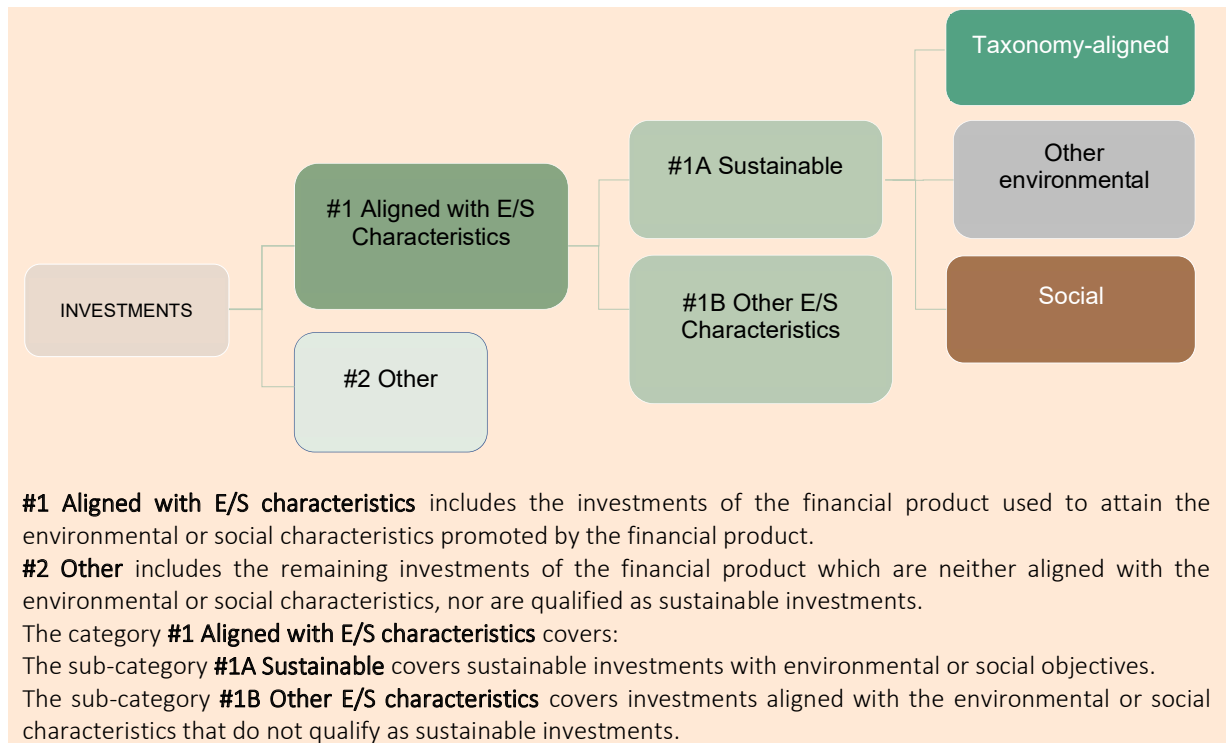
Good Governance
practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover**, reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

- **capital expenditure** (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

- **operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



● HOW DOES THE USE OF DERIVATIVES ATTAIN THE ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS PROMOTED BY THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT?

Derivatives are not actively used to enhance ESG alignment or decrease ESG risk. As part of the investment strategy, the Sub-Fund is allowed to enter into derivatives for investment and hedging purposes.

DOES THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT INVEST IN FOSSIL GAS AND/OR NUCLEAR ENERGY RELATED ACTIVITIES THAT COMPLY WITH THE EU TAXONOMY¹¹?

- Yes
 In fossil gas In nuclear energy
 No

The fund manager analyses the portfolio positions according to ESG criteria. Investments in nuclear energy and fossil gases are not excluded for the Sub-Fund. A minimum proportion of activities connected with nuclear energy and/or fossil gases that correspond to the Taxonomy is not intended for the Sub-Fund.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.



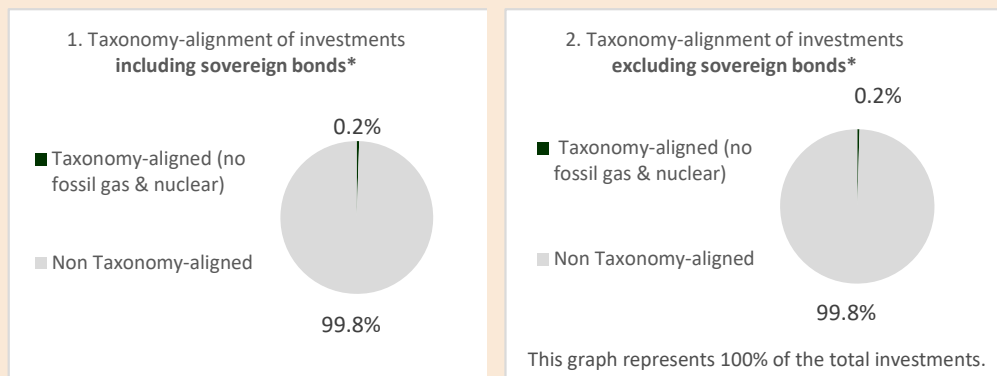
TO WHAT MINIMUM EXTENT ARE SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS WITH AN ENVIRONMENTAL OBJECTIVE ALIGNED WITH THE EU TAXONOMY?

¹¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory not on the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.*



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

● **WHAT IS THE MINIMUM SHARE OF INVESTMENTS IN TRANSITIONAL AND ENABLING ACTIVITIES?**

The minimum percentage is 0%.

● **WHAT IS THE MINIMUM SHARE OF SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS WITH AN ENVIRONMENTAL OBJECTIVE THAT ARE NOT ALIGNED WITH THE EU TAXONOMY?**

There is a minimum share of 9,8 % of sustainable investments with an environmental objective, which are not aligned with EU Taxonomy.

● **WHAT IS THE MINIMUM SHARE OF SOCIALLY SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS?**

The minimum percentage of sustainable investments with a social objective is 0%, but the Sub-Fund may make investments with a social objective.

● **WHAT INVESTMENTS ARE INCLUDED UNDER "#2 OTHER", WHAT IS THEIR PURPOSE AND ARE THERE ANY MINIMUM ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS?**

The investments included in "#2 Other" are derivatives and other ancillary assets and/or investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



IS A SPECIFIC INDEX DESIGNATED AS A REFERENCE BENCHMARK TO DETERMINE WHETHER THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT IS ALIGNED WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL AND/OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS THAT IT PROMOTES?

The benchmark of the Sub-Fund is not intended to be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund.

HOW IS THE REFERENCE BENCHMARK CONTINUOUSLY ALIGNED WITH EACH OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS PROMOTED BY THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT?

Non applicable.

HOW IS THE ALIGNMENT OF THE INVESTMENT STRATEGY WITH THE METHODOLOGY OF THE INDEX ENSURED ON A CONTINUOUS BASIS?

Non applicable.

HOW DOES THE DESIGNATED INDEX DIFFER FROM A RELEVANT BROAD MARKET INDEX?

Non applicable.

WHERE CAN THE METHODOLOGY USED FOR THE CALCULATION OF THE DESIGNATED INDEX BE FOUND?

Non applicable.



WHERE CAN I FIND MORE PRODUCT SPECIFIC INFORMATION ONLINE?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <https://www.am.oddo-bhf.com>.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote